

THE OYEN NEWS

Vol. 20 No. 17

OYEN, ALBERTA WEDNESDAY JUNE 21, 1933.

PAGE ONE

Quality Printing

Letterheads
Envelopes
Statements
Sale Bills
Loose Leaf Account Forms
Hand Bills
Posters
Loose Leaf Ledger Sheets
Circulars
Calling Cards
Receipt Books
Meal Tickets
Etc.

The Oyen News

If you have
anything
to sell or trade
use a
Classified Adv.

OBITUARY

ALBERT JOHN TREWIN

A funeral service was held at Oyen United Church on Wednesday afternoon, June 14, 1933, for the late Albert John Trewin, and burial followed at Oyen cemetery. Rev. E. F. Kemp officiating at both services.

The deceased, who was killed in a run-away accident which occurred in Oyen on Monday night, June 12, was the eldest son of Mrs. and the late Arthur W. Trewin, a well known pioneer family of Fort William, Ont. He was born in Bowmanville, Ont., fifty-five years ago, and moved with his parents to Fort William in 1902. Mr. Trewin came to Oyen district in 1910 and homesteaded north of town, where he has since resided. He always took a keen interest in municipal and provincial affairs, and served for a number of years on the council of the Municipal District of Bertawean. He married Jane Elizabeth Dodge of Toronto in 1925, who survives him. He is also survived by two children, Betty and Edward, his mother, George, William, Norman and Charles of Fort William and Silas and Fred of Oyen, and two sisters, Mrs. D. Harris of Fort William, and Mrs. Lewington of Winnipeg.

The following friends acted as pallbearers: Mr. James Lees, Mr. Charles Harris, Mr. J. D. Wenger, Mr. H. Newton, Mr. A. A. Stoner and Mr. E. D. Thygesen.

Controlling Motor Boat Traffic

Special regulations controlling motor boats on lake resorts in Alberta have just been effected by the Alberta government. These require all motor boats to be licensed, to have mufflers save in recognized races, to have proper lights, and they make provision also against the reckless or negligent operation of motor boats, and against speeding save in racing.

Canadian Red Cross Society Makes Annual Appeal for Funds

The annual campaign for funds for the Alberta Division of Canadian Red Cross Society is now under way. Contributions are asked to endorse their donations in envelopes, which will be supplied, and return same to their nearest Red Cross Branch or Red Cross Representative. Full particulars of the work and aims of the organization may be obtained locally from Mrs. W. F. Pratt, convenor of the local committee. All who desire to assist this organization in its worthy work are asked to give as liberally as circumstances will permit.

Alberta's Wrigley Swim

The Wrigley Swim for the province of Alberta will take place this summer, July 22, at Sylvan Lake, one of the largest lake resorts in Alberta, just west of Red Deer city, on a gravelled highway. In conjunction with this event, a large regatta will be held.

New Coal Rates

A new effort to gain the Ontario coal market for Alberta coal mines will be made following the announcement of the Canadian Railway Commission that an order is to be issued giving a \$2.50 per ton freight rate on the coal from Alberta points to the East.

Oil Production

Production of oil in Alberta for April has just been announced by the petroleum division of the lands and mines department as 74,645 barrels, of which 69,447 was naphtha from Turner Valley.

Will Hold Stampede

At a meeting held last Saturday, directors of Oyen Agricultural Society, decided against holding a fair this year, but will hold a stampede on July 28.

OYEN THEATRE

SATURDAY ONLY

June 24

RANDOLPH SCOTT
SALLY BLANE and
J. FARRELL McDONALD
—in—

"Heritage of the Desert"

A Zane Grey Picture

MONDAY ONLY

June 26

George O'Brien
—in—

"The Golden West"

A Zane Grey Picture

Miller's Specials

Ladies fine quality full fashioned silk hose "Sub Standard". Selling in new shades. Special 75c
Dollar Queen hose all new shades. Special 75c
Full fashioned Lisle hose, all shades. Special 45c
Extra good quality Cotton hose. Ladies and childrens sizes. All shades. Special 25c
Ladies hot weather dresses, made from fancy Voile, and plain wash silks, new styles. At 2.95 and 3.95
New Skirts and Jumpers, in colors of Blue, Brown, Fawn and Rust. Very new in Style. Skirts 2.95
Jumpers 3.50
Blouses and Sweaters to wear with skirts and jumpers, all colors, different styles. Special 1.90 to 2.50

7 only, Ladies Coats. New in colors and styles to be cleared at very Special Prices.

Shop and Save at your A. G. Store

S. A. MILLER

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Fuel Oil

REDUCED PRICES ON

Premium Tractor Kerosene, no tax, per gal. ... 18c
Red-Head Gasoline, plus tax, per gal. 23c
Red-Head Distillate, plus tax, per gal. 18c
Reliance Gasoline, plus tax, per gal. 20c

Motor Oils. All Grades on Hand.

Johnson's Garage

Agents for Great West Distributors

See our Windows
for
Saturday Specials

J. J. PURCELL

Office Supplies

Your requirements in type-writer ribbons—carbon sheets second sheets—or business stationery—can be obtained at this office. Call and see us, or phone 42.

THE OYEN NEWS

OYEN

STAMPEDE

FRIDAY, JULY 28

Owing to prevailing conditions the Oyen Agricultural Society has decided not to hold the agricultural fair this year.....But will hold a Stampede on above date.

Members of the Oyen Agricultural Society are requested to hold their membership cards until next fair.

Admission to Stampede: Adults 50c. Children, school age 25c. Children, under 12 years, Free.
Cans and rigs, Free.

"Better than Ever"

Remember the date, Friday, July 28, 1933.

Old Convict Ship "Success" Is Interesting Exhibit Shown At Century Of Progress Fair

A 143-year-old convict ship that once spent five years at the bottom of Sydney Harbor, Australia, and then sailed the Atlantic under her own canvas the year the "Titanic" went down rests on the lake-front at Chicago as an exhibit of the Century of Progress Exposition.

The vessel, the old "Success," a merchantman before she was fitted out with cells and instruments of torture, is believed to be the oldest ship afloat.

Aboard her are the almost airless galleys, the condemned cells, whipping posts, manacles, branding irons, punishment-balls, the iriden-tipped cat-o-nine tails and the coffin bolts. The craft is practically a museum after all these years, nothing being omitted but the human freight.

The "Success" was first launched as an armed East India merchantman, with beautiful brass guns bristling from her sides and fitted handsomely for the reception aboard of princes, nabobs, and wealthy traders of the Orient, whose spices, tea, and ivory and jewels she carried over the seas to all parts of the earth. Broken only by an occasional capture with a pirate craft the "Success" had an honored life of the ocean until 1802, when she was first chartered by the British Government to transport to Australia some chances of offenders from the home jails, who, at that time, were sentenced to from seven years to the term of natural life.

The former convict ship is masterfully built throughout of solid Burmese teak, a wood which for resistance to decay has no equal in the world. The craft is 135 feet long with a beam of 30 feet. Her solid sides are in places two and a half feet thick. Her square cut stern and quarter galleries stamp her at once with the hall-mark of antiquity. Although her high bulwarks show that she could never distinguish herself with speed, pains were taken to make her trim and smart. Remnants of the painted scrolls on the sides of the vessel have been brought to light. Raised high and forward, the funnel carried two bears at its extremity a symbol of manhood and manhood was inscribed on an original figurehead of exquisite design.

The vessel, a queer looking craft, strongly reminiscent of hypones days, is fitted with cells throughout. The cells on the lower deck, strong and gloomy, were used for the worst type of criminals. The vessel contains of three decks in all, a top deck, "ween deck, and a lower deck. Convicts going a transportation term, in excess of seven years, were placed in solitary confinement for two years in a cell on the lower deck. The cells had very little ventilation, the only opening over the door allowing a sufficient amount of air through. Special misdeemeanor cells, known as the black cells, were located at the stern and of the lower deck. In the black cells the doors at as tightly as valves and close with a "swish," excluding all air except what can filter through the perforated iron plate which was placed over the bars above the door, in order to make the hole as dark as possible. A stout iron ring was fastened about knee high in the shelving back of the cell and through the ring the right hand of the prisoner was passed and it was handcuffed to the left wrist. He was thus prevented from standing upright or lying down, and was obliged to stoop or lean against the shelving side of the vessel as it rolled to and fro on the waves.

On the "ween deck, cells, barely large enough to accommodate one person, housed as many as six and seldom less than four at any time. The cells line the sides of the vessel, while along the center of the deck various types of torture were carried out.

"Have you ever noticed how many foos there are in the world?" "I have. And I've noticed something more. Everybody thinks there are a lot of foos in the world, but the queer part of it is there is always one more than any one person notices."

The first apple trees in British Columbia were planted about 1850, but not until after the completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway in 1886 were there many trees planted for commercial orchards.

Spain's new agrarian law will cost the government nearly \$10,000,000 next year.

W. N. N. O. 1909

Trading Business: Brink

One-Legged Man Gets Right Shoe

For Left One.
Accumulated shoes for the lost of Otto Willinger, Maunee, Ohio, who lost his left leg in an accident 15 years ago, has prompted him to search for shoes.

A Maunee newspaper recently printed a story that Willinger wished to trade left shoes for right ones. Newspapers throughout the country reprinted the story and Willinger has received letters from many persons offering to "swap."

Willinger has sent left shoes to persons in Washington, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Wyoming and in return has received right shoes.

Famous Tree Felled

Giant Of South Africa Was Destroyed By White Ants

Durban has just lost its famous red mill-wood tree, which was centuries old, 110 feet high, and possessed a trunk diameter of 15 1/2 feet. It was felled by ants not because it was to the grip of antile decay, but because it had been attacked by white ants which had eaten into it until it was a tangle to the neighborhood.

How old it was nobody knows, but, at least, it was in leaf when the earliest explorers reached Natal, and has been a landmark in South Africa ever since Durban came into being—London Sunday Pictorial.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Ruth Rogers

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WHO SAID FEMININE? ISN'T IT ADORABLE?

So fresh and smart for lovely spring days.

Crisp white gingham puffed sleeves and low adorns this navy blue and white crepe silk printed model.

The bodice has a lovely modish shoulders that set out over the shoulders that are put in armholes of a separate girdle.

The skirt is the slim-line type, so youthfully smart.

Plain carved-rose silk with red and white crepe contrasting is effective too.

Style No. 713 is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, and 30.

Size 16 requires 2 1/2 yards 36-inch fabric. Size 30 requires 4 yards.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or cash. (Cash is preferred.) Wrap cloth carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size.

Name

Town

State

Country

Some Great Walkers

Record Of Their Journeys Would Have Been Interesting

The late Dan O'Leary covered more ground than the poet Wordsworth, who, according to DeQuincy, traversed a distance as far as seven times around the world. The Irish walker's score is said to have been 200,000 miles. To the exercise the poet, says DeQuincy, "was indebted for a life of unclouded happiness and for much of what is most excellent in his writings." The man who walked his competitors off their feet could claim equal happiness, for he was the soul of good nature and had an active sense of humor, but he wrote nothing. Like his rival, Edward Payson Weston, he never kept a diary of his tours. Nor did Rousseau, who was another great walker. The philosopher said when his walking days were over: "What I most regret is that I kept to record my journeys. Never have I thought so much, existed so much, lived so much, been so much myself, if I may dare to say it, as when I went alone and afoot."

O'Leary and Weston did not walk in vain, professional though they were. They set an example to a horse and wagon, the trolley and later motor car. Walking clubs are now to be found everywhere. Medical men have been impressed by the health and long life of indefatigable walkers.—New York Times.

One Penalty Of Civilization

No Matter Where People Go News Will Follow Them

It is one of the penalties of civilization that it becomes increasingly difficult to escape from news. There was a time when during an ocean voyage one could escape from the wheel of things, forget that people were going lots and lots of things which were of no real interest, in fact take a complete holiday from the newspapers. Now alas! the passenger in a liner reads a newspaper on his breakfast table and the world is always with him. We had always imagined that one of the compensations of prison life was its detachment from outside events. It seems that we were mistaken. At present the prisoners are called together and the news is read to them by the governor or the chaplain. How far the experiment is to be tried. Each week prisoners are, in certain prisons, to be supplied with a typewritten summary of world news which they can read in their cells.—London Saturday Night.

Fertilizer Well Analyzed

Practically no brand of fertilizer offered for sale in Canada for the past five years has escaped being analyzed at least twice in each inspection district where it is sold. In this way the Fertilizer Division gives assurance to farmers that the proper amount of plant food will invariably be found in their purchases of fertilizers.

EVEN A PRINCESS' SOCKS SLIP DOWN



This unusual camera snapshot was taken as the charming Princess Elizabeth, daughter of the Duke and Duchess of York, alighted from her father's car to attend the Royal Tournament at the Olympia. The popular little princess pulled up her socks unassisted by the smiling crowd which witnessed the Royal party's arrival.

Many Uses For Ammonia

Following Are Some Helpful Hints For the Housekeeper

Try a solution of ammonia and water for cleaning your carpet. It will revive the colors wonderfully. When blackening a grate, moisten the blackened with ammonia, and you will get a brilliant polish. Ammonia is good, too, for cleaning windows. Add a little to the water and polish with a leather.

Brush which is torn by some one clean if rubbed over with ammonia and water.

Always put ammonia in the water when washing blankets and woollens; it will prevent shrinkage.

Wash your hot-water bottle regularly with ammonia and water. This will keep the rubber from getting hard.

If you spill some red ink, apply ammonia and water and then wash in milk.

Paint can be removed easily from clothes with a mixture of ammonia and turpentine.

Ammonia is excellent for removing grease, so put a little in the water when you wash your brush in milk.

Should you upset accumulator acid on the carpet, wash immediately with ammonia. This will neutralize the acid.

If you want to make some smelling salts at home, put a few small lumps of rock ammonia in a glass-stoppered bottle and cover with cold Cologne. Keep well corked.

Victorian Order Of Nurses

Miss Elizabeth Smellie, appointed Honor Consultant For Ontario, the Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada, has been appointed honorary consultant in public health nursing to the Ontario Department of Health, according to an announcement in the current issue of The Canadian Nurse. This appointment, the first of its kind in Canada, makes the editor of the official organ of the Canadian Nurses' Association, in itself an official government recognition of the value of nurses as health counselors and the choice made by Hon. Dr. John Robb could not have been more fitting.

Borrowed Tools
"I say, old man," he said, "I understand that you have 'Jesse's rake'?" The neighbor nodded.

"Good," said the first, "if you'll let me borrow that occasionally, I'll let you use my roller whenever you may be wanting it."

Little Man (at theatre): "I'm afraid you are in the wrong seat, old man."

Pupil: "You don't need to be afraid. That is, not unless you're thinking of making me move?"

A new fifty-passenger bus in Germany has wheels equipped with solid rubber elastic tires and can attain a speed of 46 1/2 miles an hour.

Trade Agreement With France Now In Effect Is Expeted To Prove Of Considerable Benefit

Evading Meal Tax Levy

Caters In British Columbia Reduce Prices One Cent

British Columbia's latest tax levy, known as the meal tax, has aroused more comment than any other provincial impost in a generation. Hotel-keepers, restaurant keepers and representatives of the travelling public have been bitterly protesting against the tax, chiefly on the grounds of inconvenience.

The tax is five per cent on all meals served in public costing fifty cents or over. The immediate result of the tax was the marking down of all fifty-cent lunches and dinners to forty-five cents, so that patrons of eating houses would be able to dodge the tax and the caterers would be spared the inconvenience of making the extra charge and reporting to the government.

After several weeks' tryout, the general opinion is that the meal tax has not justified itself. The attitude of the public from the first has been hostile and several formal protests have been made. In many instances, diners have refused to pay the tax, in which event the restaurants have absorbed it.

So far, only one prosecution has been made for non-payment. A diner on one of the Gulf of Georgia ferries refused to pay the tax on his luncheon. He was convicted and fined \$5 and costs.

The revenue from the tax is said to be negligible so far. In most restaurants where two or more people dine together, the waiter must add more than one check for the party, thus evading the tax if the individual's meals did not cost more than 49 cents.

Old Games Still Popular

Parlor Pastimes Of English Prominent in Chicago Toy Show

The fads games of 1885 still are the parlor- and basement-games of 1925. Hundreds of displays at the American Toy Fair recently held at Chicago showed that the modern family still plays at ring toss and checkers, anagrams and liddly-crake—a popular indoor sports of the early '80s. Manufacturers have added only, perhaps, a little more chance-taking to the games.

Construction of gaming rooms in cities has led to a revival of pop-gun and bee-bee gun games for adult players, exhibitors pointed out. Jig-saw puzzles still hold sway and their makers claim the hundreds of new designs in the brain testers will keep fans fitting pieces together for the next decade.

A 1923 boom in roller skates for adults prompted a variety of new models in that division, exhibitors claimed greater speed and balance.

Isle Of Man

Finishes Financed Year With Surplus

The long suffering British taxpayer has turned his eyes of longing on the Isle of Man. For that little gem of the Irish Sea not only finished its financial year with a surplus but set an example to the world by cutting income tax rates. Financial reports for the year showed a surplus of \$100,000 sterling, more than anticipated.

Income tax returns alone amounted to 2,000 pounds over the estimate. The income tax rate, instead of ranging from one shilling to three and a shilling on the pound, has dropped to 10 pence and will be two shillings and 11 pence on the highest income. The British standard rate of income tax is five shillings on the pound.

As the result of experimenting, Dr. Herve, a radiologist of France, has discovered the best method of treating, losing several fingers.

The class had been instructed to write an essay on winter. One child's attempt read as follows: "In winter it is very cold. Many old people die in winter, and many birds also die to a warmer climate."

Persistent Sutor—"Is Miss Wilson at home?"

Servant—"I'm sorry, sir."

Persistent Sutor—"You won't forget to tell her that I called?"

Servant—"No sir; I'll go and tell her this minute."

A Manchester man has made himself an ass of a cent from an old billiard ball bought for 2s.

The Canada-France Trade Treaty

signed by both countries on May 12, and approved by the Canadian parliament on May 23, has been proclaimed effective. Unless reversed by tacit consent of the signatory countries, the treaty expires May 12, 1941.

Since the old trade agreement expired a year ago the two countries have been applying their respective general tariffs to each other's products and the result has been that Canadian domestic exports to France, slightly so that amount, dropped from \$17,654,000 during the fiscal year, 1931-32 to \$12,730,000, during 1932-33, or over 29 per cent, while imports from France declined from \$12,570,000 to \$17,170,000, or over 43 per cent.

"That illustrates the value of agreement in promoting trade," said Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, in the course of a statement explanatory of the new trade agreement. "We expect that under the new convention, which now goes into force, our commerce with France will soon grow to its former dimension."

The lowest effective tariff is granted on canned salmon. The provision in the agreement is that so long as the tariff on imported salmon has not been put in force, canned salmon shall be accorded a reduction of 72 per cent from the general tariff of 50 per cent.

The revenue from the tariff is said to be negligible so far. In most restaurants where two or more people dine together, the waiter must add more than one check for the party, thus evading the tax if the individual's meals did not cost more than 49 cents.

French imports of Canadian canned salmon dropped from \$10,122, in 1931-32 to \$7,308 in 1932-33, a drop of 28 per cent. The new agreement is to say, a rate of 84 francs per 100 kilograms, or about 11 cents a pound. The application of that rate is limited to 100 kilograms, or a quota of 25,000 metric quintals, or 2,760 tons, after which a new quota is to be established by agreement, observed Mr. Stevens.

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CANADA'S CASE IS PRESENTED AT CONFERENCE

London, Eng.—In prelate terms Prime Minister J. H. Bennett submitted Canada's case before the world economic conference.

He pressed for concerted international action to raise the world level of wholesale prices.

But this alone would not solve the immediate difficulties of the production of primary products, he told the conference. The accumulated carry-over of 350,000,000 bushels of wheat could be dealt effectively with only by international agreement involving a possible reduction of acreage sown to wheat until the abnormal carry-over which continued to depress the market had been disposed of.

Prime Minister Bennett described as "most reassuring" the statement of Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the British Exchequer, that the world's greatest wheat-importing country recognized the necessity of such action.

The conference, however, was in substantial agreement, said Mr. Bennett, on these points:

(1) The general level of wholesale prices must be raised.

(2) An international monetary standard should be restored as soon as practicable.

(3) Consistent with the national economic system, the channels of trade must be cleared.

The real problem, Mr. Bennett declared, was how could those ends be achieved.

The Prime Minister opened his speech to the world economic conference by indicating how Canada, although relatively small in population, had achieved a position of world importance. In 1932 she attained fifth rank among the exporting countries of the world, he said. This position had been achieved only by those of the United Kingdom, the United States, Germany and France.

Canada, therefore, was deeply concerned with the outcome of the conference.

Canada was agreed, the Prime Minister continued, that the monetary and economic aspects of the depression were inseparably interwoven and that a solution must be sought by simultaneous action.

On the monetary side we are wholeheartedly in agreement with the program outlined by the Chancellor of the Exchequer of the United Kingdom," said Mr. Bennett. He wished, however, to stress a few points of his program which he believed should receive even greater emphasis than he gave to them.

"In the first place I wish to urge with all the power at my command that the two greatest trading and credit nations represent at this conference should at the earliest possible moment reach agreement upon a policy of stabilization of their exchange rates."

"I am aware how exceedingly difficult this will be under existing conditions but it is clear that under such agreement this conference will fall in the purpose for which it is called. The United Kingdom and the United States must agree to stabilize their currencies in relation to each other and, if a common pre-empting policy can be agreed upon, in relation to the gold franc."

"The ration originally selected may be provisional, but they should represent far as may be ascertainable the real and permanent value of the respective currencies as determined by the relative price structure and the balance of payments."

"Such a program could be progressively extended to the smaller countries."

"As one of the smaller countries whose economic life has been seriously affected by erratic fluctuations in the world's basic currencies, Canada will endeavor to maintain the value of its dollar on a stabilized basis in London and New York when these two centres agree to establish a stable relationship between their currencies."

Exchange stabilization was the immediate necessity, but the world level of wholesale prices must be raised by concerted international action, the Canadian Prime Minister declared.

Paying Visit To West

Ottawa, Ont.—Hector Charlesworth, chairman of the radio broadcasting commission, is leaving for a visit to western Canada to make a direct examination of the broadcasting situation for the commission. It was announced here.

W. N. N. U. 1939

Small European Nations Would Follow Mussolini

If Big Powers Do Not Find Solution To Economic Problem

London, Eng.—The small nations of Europe have turned longingly eyes toward Italy and a possible bloc with her Benito Mussolini's dictatorship as the big powers, undecided over war debts and monetary stabilization, threatened progress of the world economic conference.

"Should United States, Great Britain and France fail to point the way out of the economic morass at the world economic conference," Emile Francqui, the veteran Belgian diplomat, told the Press. "The small nations of Europe will cluster about one statesman capable of leadership—Mussolini."

But Duce is fostering sensible ideas for united action while the great powers are talking about civilization dropping over the abyss, but doing nothing. The small nations, crying for leadership, will follow Mussolini.

Overland Rates For Ships

Apply For Hull Insurance On Ships For Voyage From Vancouver To Regina

Vancouver, B.C.—Marine Insurance agents are complaining when asked for rates on hull insurance on M.S. Vancouver City for a voyage from Vancouver to Regina. No marine insurance company has overland rates for ships.

However, the matter was simplified when it was learned that the Vancouver Merchants' exchange wanted protection for the big model of M.S. Vancouver, which was installed on the exchange by the ship's owner, Sir William Reardon Smith.

The model is going on exhibition at the World's Oil Show at Regina and the exchange sought protection for it for the "voyage." This was obtained when it was realized it was not a full-grown vessel that was going to cross the mountains.

Seeking Home In Canada

Baroness Von Austria Wants To Settle In Dominion

Montreal, Que.—Eager to find a Canadian home for herself, her Austrian husband and their two children, the Baroness Von Ritschl will visit Canada within a week or so, she told the exchange and she is a Canadian National Railway train for New York. The baroness is well known as a distinguished painter in miniature under her maiden name of Lorna Burgoyne.

An Englishwoman, Baroness Von Ritschl divides her time between her husband's Austrian estate and her native Devonshire. She and her husband have decided to settle in Canada and to make their home in the west. She is expected to find them a suitable home. The baroness hopes to found an association of Canadian miniature painters.

Pay Debts In Silver

Twenty Million Ounces Of Silver Received At Bombay

Washington.—Twenty million ounces of silver has been received at Bombay, India, by the United States as payment of the \$100,000,000 British war debt instalment.

Great Britain, however, is responsible for its delivery to United States.

The state department also disclosed that the federal assay office in New York had received 2,000,000 ounces of silver from the minting of its partial payment of \$1,000,000.

The silver was received by the United States government at 50 cents an ounce, under the inflation law passed recently by the special session, authorizing Mr. Roosevelt to accept a maximum of 200,000,000 in debt payments in silver.

Win-Sweepstake

Ottawa, Ont.—Word of their drawing about \$20,000 in Canadian funds from a sweepstake conducted by the government of Liechtenstein, a principality in the mountains of central Europe, reached Harry Breakell and his wife here. The sweepstake ticket, on the English Derby, cost Breakell, who signed himself "Lucky," about \$1.50. He purchased the ticket from a chance acquaintance.

Better To Perpire

Chatham, Ont.—If you are too hot to perspire—it's a mistake, according to Dr. J. H. Right here. No matter how hot the day, as long as humans perspire freely there is no danger of prostration from the heat.

MANY NATIONS ARE SUPPORTING TARIFF TRUCE

London, Eng.—The world economic conference is moving toward realities. More nations have joined the temporary tariff truce. Behind the scenes the pieces are shifting on the international chess board into new combinations; the gold countries of Europe are getting together.

Banking experts are grappling with currency stabilization, and the shobies are full of gossip of bilateral trade agreements. Great Britain and the United States jointly call for reduction in excessive tariffs: in a world of high protection Holland raises a related voice for wholesale tariff reductions.

The increase to 10 in the number of nations joining the temporary tariff truce was not the only bright factor. Not long after Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald's announcement of adhesion of the Netherlands, Denmark, Hungary and Finland, he called—and the plea was echoed by Secretary of State Cordell Hull, of the United States, and amplified by Maxim Litvinoff, of Russia—for worldwide agreement in true spirit.

War debts were temporarily set by the United States' acceptance of a payment of \$10,000,000 made by the United Kingdom in silver, and the atmosphere was lightened by President Roosevelt's invitation to Britain to send representatives for a conference on the debts, although the president made it plain only congress has power to make any revision.

War debts are barred from the agenda of the world conference but following emphatic declarations by Britain, Italy, Germany, Poland, South Africa and other nations that final settlement of war debts is essential to world-wide recovery, the conference could not fail to have been affected by the pre-debt payment uncertainty.

The statements of policy given the conference by Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary Hull, were in accord on a wide range of agreement, notably in urgent demand for reduction of the excessive tariff barriers blocking world trade, and the United States delegation particularly welcomed the British program as brightening prospects for the conference's success.

Furthermore, it was authoritatively learned the conference of British, United States and French treasury and Central Bank experts which has been at grips with the troubled question of currency stabilization, saw much improved prospects of reaching an agreement on de facto stabilization.

Three figures dominated the conference scene as the nations, big and little, submitted plans, proposals and suggestions in the plenary session. They were Neville Chamberlain, in his phrase advancing the British plan; Cordell Hull, in more general terms, pleading earnestly for international co-operation, and stocky Maxim Litvinoff, careless of the fate of capitalistic nations, yet offering a billion dollars' worth of orders—at war's end on the provision of satisfactory credits.

The British spokesman was em-

ON TRADE MISSION

Hon. Thomas L. Kennedy, Minister of Agriculture for Ontario, who has sailed for England to reorganize the Ontario office in London and to lay the foundation of a greater overseas market trade between Great Britain and Ontario.

His mission is to lay the foundation of a greater overseas market trade between Great Britain and Ontario. He is to lay the foundation of a greater overseas market trade between Great Britain and Ontario.

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May Meet At Rome

Important Meeting Being Considered By Four Governments

London, Eng.—An important meeting of Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald, Premier Mussolini, Premier Daladier and Chancellor Hitler in Rome at the end of June, is being considered by the four government chiefs, it was revealed recently.

Premier Mussolini, Italian quarters said, is anxious to initiate his four-power pact for European peace by discussing face-to-face interviews with the other statesmen.

Regardless of whether the "Big Four" accedes to Rome's wishes, it is understood the first meeting under the four-power pact will be held in Rome before the Geneva disarmament debate resumes July 3rd.

Decreased Revenues

Ottawa, Ont.—Considerable reductions in Dominion revenue during the first two months of the present fiscal year (April and May), are shown in the figures released by the Department of National Revenue. The customs and excise revenue in the two months has dropped \$7,017,405, as compared with the corresponding months last year, and the income tax revenue has fallen \$7,057,437.

Wage Increase

New York.—Harvey S. Firestone announced that all his companies and stores through the United States would increase the pay of employees 10 per cent, effective June 15.

13,000 FRENCH VETERANS "INVADE" LONDON

London, Eng.—Thirteen thousand French soldiers "invading" the city. Fortunately for the sleepy Londoners, it was a peaceful invasion and the Foreign Office knew all about it. Here was some of the 13,000 French ex-servicemen of the "Croix de Feu" marching in procession to Whitehall and the Cenotaph.



The British capital woke quite early one morning recently to find 13,000 French soldiers "invading" the city. Fortunately for the sleepy Londoners, it was a peaceful invasion and the Foreign Office knew all about it. Here was some of the 13,000 French ex-servicemen of the "Croix de Feu" marching in procession to Whitehall and the Cenotaph.

Canada's Foreign-Born Population

Sixty-ninth Has Largest Number Whose Parents Are Not British

Ottawa, Ont.—Out of a total population of 921,785 at the last census, Saskatchewan had 396,619 persons whose parents were foreign-born. Those with Canadian-born parents numbered 219,268, while 170,356 had English-born fathers and mothers, a report from the Dominion Bureau of Statistics says.

Ontario had the next largest number of residents with foreign-born parents, these totalling 369,208.

The offspring of parents both foreign born in the other provinces was: Alberta, 309,325; Manitoba, 239,751; British Columbia, 163,938; Quebec, 157,492; Nova Scotia, 13,487; New Brunswick, 7,351; Yukon and North West Territories, 1,281, and Prince Edward Island, 513.

Car Hails Runaway

Toronto, Ont.—With the use of his automobile H. Oakley plotted a runaway team and prevented what threatened to be a serious accident. When the team bolted, Oakley reined them, drew in front of them and slackened his speed until he felt the horses were under control. He continued to retard his pace until the horses were slowed to a walk.

BRITAIN MAKES PAYMENT TO U.S. ON WAR DEBT

London, Eng.—Payment of \$10,000,000 in silver on Great Britain's war debt obligation of \$75,000,000 made by the United States was announced by the House of Commons by Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in a statement which acknowledged the "debt, pending final settlement."

Simultaneously the Chancellor announced that negotiations between Great Britain and United States would be started at Washington as soon as possible in accordance with the terms of the agreement. He declared, "Without prejudicing the freedom of either government in subsequent decision."

News of the arrangement was hailed by the American delegation to the world economic conference and the Chancellor with high hopes that it might open the way for genuine progress toward economic recovery.

The partial payment, Mr. Chamberlain told an enthusiastically cheering house, will be made in silver at 50 cents a fine ounce and estimates Great Britain's acknowledgment of her obligation to America under the war debt account.

Labour and Liberal spokesmen, applauding the arrangement, joined Mr. Chamberlain in praising President Roosevelt for his acceptance of the scheme of payment.

"The difficult and delicate problem has been adjusted," the Chancellor announced in revealing the results of several days' anxious negotiations between London and Washington.

"It is a good augury for the success of the world economic conference and may prove the first step toward complete and final settlement of the whole of the war debts."

The Chancellor revealed that the British government had hoped it would be possible for United States to accede to a request that the payment of the loan instalment be postponed pending discussion of the war debts as a whole.

"The (the British government) maintained this hope up to a very recent date," the Chancellor continued. "In the end it became clear that it could not be realized. They therefore had to decide upon their course of action in these circumstances as they found them."

The American president was congratulated by Sir Stafford Cripps, Labour spokesman, for "the realism with which he has faced the situation."

Sir Herbert Samuel, Liberal leader, expressed his "deep appreciation of President Roosevelt's action in acceding to the agreement, which was a profound relief to all."

It was indicated in the House of Commons that Great Britain's \$10,000,000 debt instalment actually amounted around \$7,000,000, inasmuch as it was tendered in silver at the rate of 50 cents a fine ounce, under which the real instalments were permitted under recent congress authorization up to \$200,000,000.

U. S. CHECKS UP ON THE WAR DEBT PAYMENTS

Washington.—Europe paid a little more than eight per cent of the \$144,150,000 war debt instalments and other countries immediately fell into line behind the United Kingdom to seek a review of the debt agreements.

One after another, the diplomatic representatives of the debtor nations called at the state department to present the conditions of their governments, until finally the line up showed payments from five nations, defaults by five and probable defaults by three others. One nation alone—Finland—paid in full the instalment due.

All the payments—\$100,000,000 from Great Britain, about \$1,000,000 from Italy, a maximum of \$180,000 from Czechoslovakia, \$75,000 from Romania, and \$500,000 from Belgium of \$148,592 from Finland—totalled \$131,353,920.

France, Poland, Belgium, Yugoslavia and Lithuania defaulted. Similar action by Hungary, Latvia and Estonia was indicated.

Meanwhile, the debt controversy had its inevitable check in congress, but this time it was a statement by Senator Borah, Idaho Independent Republican, supporting President Roosevelt's action in receiving partial payments.

"If the economic conference brings down it will be due to the attitude of the United States," Senator Borah said. "They seem determined to make the debt the whole thing." "They may not be," he said, "and if they do, the economic misery and loss which will benefit will be far in excess of any benefit they might secure by cancellation of the debts."

Wheat Exports

Considerable Increase In Exports Shown Over Same Period Last Year

Ottawa, Ont.—The export of wheat in May totalled 21,464,848 bushels valued at \$13,604,701, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. This compares with 12,942,013 bushels valued at \$9,620,965 for the corresponding month of last year, an increase in quantity of 5,921,835 bushels and an increase in value of \$5,437,826.

The export to the United Kingdom last month was 13,029,221 bushels, valued at \$7,894,456, compared with 7,184,608 bushels at \$4,378,992 in May of last year, an increase in quantity of 5,844,613 bushels and an increase in value of \$3,515,464.

Party Includes Westerners

Number Gulp To England To Attend Oxford Group House Party

Montreal.—Oxford-bound Canadians from Toronto, Winnipeg, Vancouver and Montreal in the Canadian Pacific liners "Duchess of Athol," "Duchess of Athol," en route to return in the first house party of the Oxford group since their departure from North America, indicate the rapid growth of the group in Canada.

Sailing on the "Duchess of Athol" are a number of westerners who attended the Canadian house-party held at Chateau Frontenac, Quebec, before the British victory parade on the "Empress of Australia," with a number from Toronto and Montreal.

General Smuts Cheered

Given Rousing Reception By Delegates To Economic Conference

London, Eng.—General Smuts, who is Deputy Minister of South Africa, was the only one of eight speakers to be cheered as he went to the rostrum in the world economic conference assembly hall.

There was a roar of applause as the gaunt old man was called upon by Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald and walked to the front of the assembly hall. He listened for a moment in bowed appreciation.

Despite his 63 years, General Smuts appears fair-haired rather than grey, and is hale, hearty, vigorous of face. He flew here, 6,000 miles, from South Africa.

The Long Trail

Spokane, Wash.—Stoddard King, humorist, newspaper columnist and author of "The Long Trail of the Trail," is dead, a victim of a six-sling sickness. He was 43.

Commodity Prices Increase

Larger Volume Of Sales Also Indicates Better Times

Continued rise in commodity prices, the increasing volume of sales in retail stores, increased exports of two important commodities, wheat and wheat flour, and increasing prices levels and volume of transactions on the Canadian stock exchange will indicate the possible beginning of a tide of commercial and industrial prosperity in Canada. This is the opinion expressed in statistical review issued by the department of trade and commerce.

Wholesale prices in May were over five per cent. higher than in February when the lowest peak since pre-war years was reached. The government index for wholesale prices for May was at its highest since the corresponding month last year and was the third consecutive month to show an increase. Retail sales in April were nearly 36 per cent. higher than in February, although the government index of retail sales is based on the value of sales the increase in the cost of commodities would account for part of this.

Early export reports for the month of May show that shipment of wheat and wheat flour were higher by \$2,000,000 than in May 1932. In volume, exports of wheat were practically 6,000,000 bushels higher and exports of wheat flour 100,000 barrels greater. Export clearances of wheat from August 1 to the beginning of June amounted to 197,584,050 bushels, an increase of 37,000,000 bushels over the corresponding period of the preceding year.

For the ninth consecutive week both the value and the volume of transactions on the Canadian stock and mining exchanges have been on the up-grade.

Owens Forty Polo Ponies

Indian Rider Is Competing Against Crack English Team

Saramidi-Rajah-I-Hindustan Raj Rajendra Shri Maharajah Adhiraj Sawal Maninghi Bahadur have—sorry, has—arrived in India. With him are his 40 polo ponies, valued at \$1,000 apiece, and their 40 grooms, brought all the way from the desert plains of Rajpootana. A tremendous expense to play against the crack English polo team.

His team is the champion of India, and includes members of the famous Rajput warrior tribes.

When he is in India, Saramidi, etc., rides over 6,000,000 people a day. He comes to London he left a home which has 3,462 windows and is known as the "Palace of the Winds."

Floating Plane For Bishop

Vessel Will Carry Missionaries About Southern Pacific Islands

Birkenhead shipwrights have promised to carry out one of the fastest contracts on record in building a \$150,000 ocean-going yacht, to be used as a bishop's "floating plane." The order for the vessel has just been placed with Messrs. Cammell, Laird and Company, and in undertaking it assurance has been given that it will be ready on August 30.

The vessel, the "Southern Cross VII," is to be built for the Melanesian Mission, and will be used for carrying missionaries about the Southern Pacific Islands.

It will contain a small chapel, and an altar will be built in the bishop's quarters.

Thousand Dollar Plant Stolen

Globe Flower Was Only One Of Kind In World

A plant with a single flower stated to be worth \$1,000 and the only one of its kind in the world, has been stolen from the nursery of the Rev. J. F. Anderson, a horticulturist, of Great Glen, near Leicester, England. The plant, a globe flower, was to have been exhibited at the Chelsea Flower Show. It is a natural hybrid and the globular flower is a brilliant orange instead of the usual yellow. "The plant was discovered by a gardener six years ago," Mr. Anderson told a reporter. "The loss is not a personal one but a loss to the whole world of horticulture."

X-Ray Burns Fatal

A victim of his own experiments in the use of X-rays, Col. Eugen G. Northington, 53, of the United States army is dead of infection from X-ray burns. He died at a hospital in San Francisco, where he had been a patient for nine months, while surgeons operated 146 times in an effort to save his life.

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MOSLEM DELEGATES ARRIVE IN LONDON FOR ECONOMIC CONFERENCE

Our picture shows the Moslem delegates to the World Economic Conference arriving in London. The group included Pasha of Montenegro, Syed Anwar Ali, Dr. Shafat Ahmad Khan, the Begum Ghik Nawaz, Mr. Zia-ur-Rahman Khan and Abdullah Yusuf Ali, C.B.E.

Product Is Well Known

Shepherds All Over Empire Use the Pyeombe Crook

Every shepherd worth his salt knows the Pyeombe Crook. It has been known and used on British moors and pastures for more than 500 years, and there is now only one in England who makes them. See an article in the London Daily Express.

His name is Charles Mitchell, and he was born in 1841. He is still working on the old forge where they have been made for hundreds of years.

When sheep were first introduced into Australia, these Pyeombe crooks went with them. They guard the flocks—for they are supposed to be "magic" qualities—in South Africa, New Zealand, Canada and in the most distant parts of the Empire.

Within a few miles of the coast of the Brighton road, says the crook-maker, I found the man whom I sought, the maker of magic crooks.

He would be eighty-nine next birthday, he told me, but his back was still scarcely bent, and the muscles of his arms stood out firm and rigid like those of a young man.

"I will remember how first I came to Sussex," he told me. "It was on the top of one of the old stage coaches. On the face, was 12s.; it would have been 14s. if I had been inside."

Ever since then he has been making Pyeombe crooks.

They are made of old gun barrels," he said, "the old muzzle loaders were best, they were not made of such highly finished steel as the modern guns."

Pyeombe crooks are also used by shepherds of souls. The Bishop of Zululand has one, and so have three other bishops.

Mr. Mitchell does not only make crooks. In his smithy he does nearly everything blacksmith work for the village within a radius of ten miles.

The Maker of Crooks has yet another tale to tell. At the Pyeombe forge he built the first penny farthing bicycle over half a century ago.

"What will happen to the forge when you retire?" I asked.

"That will not be for many years yet," he said. "I'm eighty-eight, it's true, but I can still read and write without glasses, and am as good as health as ever I was."

He is training his son to follow in his footsteps.

No Mistake Whatever

A young subaltern in India got himself killed by a tiger, and his parents in England, hearing of this and anxious to have the dear boy buried in their family vault, wired to the Colonel of his regiment: "Please send poor James home to us, all expenses paid."

After many months, after an unreasonable length of time, a gigantic coffin arrived, on opening which they were horrified to discover a dead tiger. They wired to India:

"Some mistake here. Tiger in coffin, not James."

The Colonel replied: "No mistake whatever. Tiger in coffin, James in tiger."

Birds Have Reasoning Powers

Ingenuity In Many Ways Bears Out This Idea

In regard to the discussion about whether animals have souls, one writer says of the birds, "Their little hearts are full of emotion and passion. Their soul-stirring notes express intense feeling," while Shakespeare summed-up the matter shortly when he said, "The lark at heaven's gate sings."

The ingenuity of birds in their building makes it impossible to deny them a measure of reason, and many have given their lives for their young when they could have escaped. Birds often befriended little orphaned nestlings. It is amazing to read of the agony of grief of an animal that has lost its mate. It is said of the nightingale that if its mate is captured it cannot live, but dies of grief. Birds also have humor like ourselves. A tame jackdaw greatly enjoyed being dragged along the floor sitting in a cap—Scottish Newspaper.

King Supplies Convoy

Ambassadors Visiting Buckingham Palace Train In Ceremonial Coach

The ceremonial coach with liveried coachmen and attendants, in which Robert W. Bingham, the new United States Ambassador to Britain, went to Buckingham Palace to present his letters of credence to the King, was sent especially to fetch him from the Royal Wey.

The practice of supplying coaches and outriders on ceremonial occasions to an Ambassador or Minister and the members of his staff was begun in the reign of King Edward, when there was a marked difference between the imposing equipages of some Ambassadors and the humbler appearance of the representatives of poorer States, which sometimes cause embarrassment.

Even Had Twin Brains

Twin brothers whose work in college has been so nearly alike that they both received the same average—93.6—for four years' work, were graduated from New York University with the highest honors. The University can bestow on a student. They are George Leonard Kauer, Jr., and John Taylor Kauer, of the Bronx.

There are only 116 horse-drawn cabs left in Berlin.

Industrial production in France has risen regularly this year.

FANCIFUL FABLES



I DON'T KNOW, OFFICER, I'M SORRY TO HAVE HIM PSYCHO-ANALYZED NEXT WEEK!

Low Wheat Prices

Future Recovery Of Grain Prices Uncertain Factor

No silver lining to the low price cloud which has blighted wheat growers for the past five years could be seen by Dr. Halbrook Working, international wheat expert of Stanford University, when he read a paper on the future of grain prices to the agriculture section of the Pacific Science Congress.

He cited three factors which are preventing recovery of world wheat prices:

1. The surplus which has depressed prices for five years, due to the record crop of 1928, still exists.
2. World acreage at present is adequate to supply needs.
3. There is no incentive to restrict acreage in Europe due to artificial aids to prices sponsored by governments.

Where an abnormally large crop is not followed by an equally abnormal one, restrictions of acreage is the only preventative of the continued price depression. Dr. Working said. Since the large crop of 1928, world acreage has increased and conditions were instead of better.

The economic slump is also a contributing factor in low wheat prices, the speaker declared, but unless existing stocks are disposed of, a return of prosperity will not benefit the farmer.

The reappearance of Russia as a large-scale wheat exporting country reduced values still more, he said. Next to over-production, the speaker blamed the high tariffs and government fixing of prices for an abnormally high level in Europe at the height of the grain glut.

Dr. Carl L. Albright, of Stanford University, also speaking on wheat, explained the price depression as due to the "inflexibility of the human mind." Consumption of wheat does not increase appreciably with a drop in price, he said, and therefore over-supplies become redundant.

In Case Of Fire

When To Stop Then Crawl When Leaving Burning Room

Upon investigating the immediate cause of 16,000 U.S. deaths by fire each year, Professor John Charles Olsen of Brooklyn's Polytechnic Institute has found that in a large percentage of deaths, burning clothes supplied the deadly flames. This he verified by setting a variety of tests in an asbestos-lined room reported in Industrial & Engineering Chemistry. Woolen and silk clothes, rug and furnishings produce gas and smoke and act as carbon monoxide and dioxide.

Burning wool also produces toxic hydrogen sulfide. Cotton, rayon, paper, wood and other cellulose produce poisonous concentrations of carbon monoxide and dioxide, and acetic acid which makes smoke acrid and causes coughing.

In general, Professor Olsen and his research associates (George E. Ferguson, Leopold Scheffner) found three distinct layers of gases present in their burning room, "one at the ceiling, one on the floor, and an intermediate layer which consisted of more nearly pure air than either of the other two." A few moments of blaze, however, churns the layers together.

From this the investigators conclude that the air in a burning room is best at three or four feet from the floor for one or two minutes, that in speeding to safety it is wiser to stoop than to crawl.—From Time.

Out Of His Element

Among the guests at a reception was a distinguished man of letters. He was grave and somewhat taciturn. One of the ladies present suggested to the hostess that he seemed to be out of place at a party.

"Yes," replied the hostess with a bright smile, "you see, he can't talk anything but sense."

Quality Not Quantity

There's one cow for every 4.7 persons in the United States, and more are not needed. "What is needed is not more cows, but better ones," says Dr. L. M. Thompson, head of the Holstein-Friesian Association of America.

He: "I found a cockroach in that soup."

Sue: "It is that where it went—I thought it dropped in the gravy."

Slight rage can be cured by hypnotism, according to a European medical authority.

Valuable Religious Relic

Holy Coat Of Christ To Be Exhibited In Germany

One of the most valuable religious relics in the world—the Holy Coat of Christ—is to be brought into daylight again and exhibited to pilgrims at Trier Cathedral in Germany.

This showing of the "coat without seam," which the soldiers "forbore to rend" and for which they cast lots at the Crucifixion, is part of the "Holy Year" now being celebrated by the Roman Catholic Church. It is the first showing for 42 years.

The showing of the relic is a historical event, for in the last four hundred years the relic has been viewed only five times.

The public exhibition of the Holy Coat will open on July 23 and continue to September 3, and in those six weeks over two million people are expected to travel to Trier from all over the world.

Pilgrims from Ireland, England, America will make the journey, and the German railways have already arranged special trains and tours.

Hotelkeepers and the townspeople of Trier will make the journey, which happens about once in every 90 years.

The seamless robe of Christ is about five feet long, and from 38 to 40 inches wide. It has been treasured and guarded with the greatest care at Trier since the year 338.

The first public exhibition was in 1512, when 1,000,000 people viewed it in a fortnight.

The relic was exhibited in 1510 and again in 1844.

At that time many invalids among the pilgrims were suddenly relieved of their ailments at the sight of the garment, and cures were vouched for by German doctors after rigid investigation.

Eleven people were healed during the last public showing in 1891, when nearly 2,000,000 pilgrims came to Trier and prayed before the relic.

A Fast Train

New Streamlined Train Expected To Attain Speed Of 110 Miles Per Hour

Much has been heard as to the competition railroads are meeting in the form of airplane craft, but lines and straight lines, and in this connection it is interesting to note the steps taken by the Union Pacific Railway. The new streamlined train, which has placed an order for a trial three-car special train. The train embodies the latest devices in streamlining to reduce resistance. It takes advantage of all that science has discovered to increase tensile strength and to reduce weight, and it profits from the airplane to learn how best to maintain speed.

This new train will weigh only 50 tons, practically the weight of a passenger coach, yet its build and streamlining permit it to attain an estimated maximum speed of 110 miles an hour. The train and its run are expected to maintain an average of 90 miles an hour. It thus attains airspeed with advantages of complete safety not yet obtainable in air transportation.

Such an experiment seems to be a logical way to meet the competition railroads must face in the future. It means, it is true, the expenditure of large sums of money, but capital is never lacking where it sees a chance for profit and if the railroads can make good their case there might be no great difficulty in finding the necessary funds.—Winnipeg Free Press.

Building Moslem Mosque

Michigan City To Have First One In United States

Plans for the construction of the first Mohammedan mosque in the United States have been announced at Michigan City, Indiana, by American Muslims. The mosque will be built in Michigan City, according to Nefew Sam, organizer of the Mohammedan type. Approximately 350 Mohammedans live in Michigan City; Detroit has 32,000, New York City 48,000, and Chicago 2,600.

Food By Air Service

The 14-month-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Shiffrin, Dallas, Texas, gets flying service on her meals. For the next three months the child's food will be prepared there by a specialist and sent by air express to Galveston, Texas, 300 miles to the south, where the baby will spend the summer. Batches for 48 hours are to be shipped every other day.

An Oyen Bride



The above picture is a reproduction from a snapshot taken of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lockhart, Saskatoon, after their wedding in Oyen, Wednesday, April 19. Mrs. Lockhart was formerly Miss Catherine Love of Oyen.

About Town and Country

Alex. R. McTavish R. O. Sight Specialist will visit Hotel Oyen, Thursday, June 29. See McTavish for the best in Optical Service.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Watrin of Oyen, on Monday, June 12, 1933, a son.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Peterson, of Oyen Wednesday, June 21, 1933, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Peck, who have been visiting in Calgary, Cochrane and Medicine Hat, returned to Oyen last Thursday.

Posters advertising Oyen's annual sports day, on Wednesday, July 5, are off the press today.

A U.F.A., C.C.F. rally will be held in Oyen on Wednesday, July 12, under the auspices of Progress Local No. 585. Baseball game and dance at night. Watch for further particulars.

Mrs. A. E. Johnson returned to Oyen last Friday after spending a week in Calgary. She was accompanied to Oyen by Mrs. James Neilson (Muriel May) and Mrs. Cecil Diaper and daughter Donna Eve of Calgary.

Mr. W. C. Bruce and Mr. A. M. Allan of Edmonton, and Mr. E. Doolan of Calgary, of the Alberta Government Telephones Department, were Oyen visitors the fore part of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lockhart, and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lockhart of Saskatoon, were weekend visitors in Oyen. Miss Dorothy Love who accompanied the Lockharts from Saskatoon is spending a week's vacation here. Miss Winnie Love accompanied the Lockhart families on their return to Saskatoon, to spend a holiday in the city.

Mr. James Marshall and Mr. Chas. L. Dunford, who were Calgary visitors last week, returned to Oyen Friday evening.

Constable Green, who has been stationed here since Constable Dobbin left for Oids in 1919, has been transferred to Camrose, Alberta. He left Oyen for his new station last Wednesday.

Constable D. O. Forrest, who came here last week to relieve Constable Green, left today for Fort Chipewyan, Alberta. He was relieved by Constable Murphy.

Excel Items

Mr. H. Cates is home for a few days from Cardston, Alta. He plans to take his family with him on his return.

Excel U.F.W.A. met on June 15 at the home of Mrs. R. Bishop. Sixteen members and three visitors were present. Mrs. R. Anderson and Mrs. G. Gullikson were appointed delegates to the Acadia Provincial Convention to be held in Cereel on July 5. Mrs. F. Thayer gave a splendid paper on "Home training for children." The question for the day, "The use of money as a Commodity or exchange for goods and services" was explained very ably in a paper given by Miss E. McDonald. Three visitors were present: Mrs. H. Cates, Mrs. J. Cunningham and Miss Eunice White.

A number of the members of Excel U.F.W.A. accepted the invitation of Cereel U.F.W.A. to a joint meeting at the home of Mrs. T. Steen. A very nice afternoon was spent getting acquainted after which a dainty lunch was served by Mrs. Geo. Waldroff and Mrs. J. Brodie.

A GOOD TIRE AT A LOW PRICE



Just look at the prices! Then look at the tires—genuine Goodyear Tires with Speedway tread. Made with Supertwist cords, and Guaranteed.

ONLY

\$6.15

Size 29 x 4.0

Size 29 x 4.50	\$6.65	Size 29 x 4.75	\$7.95
Size 30 x 4.50	\$6.90	Size 29 x 5.00	\$8.25

Other sizes in proportion

(These prices do not include the Sales Tax)

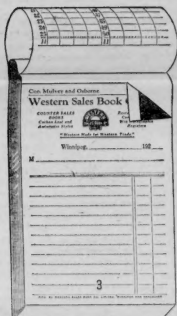
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The Oyen News

OYEN SPORTS DAY

Under auspices of Oyen Board of Trade.

Wednesday, JULY 5

BASEBALL - JUNIOR BASEBALL - SOFTBALL
LADIES BASKETBALL - SPORTS FOR CHILDREN
HORSE SHOE PITCHING. Good Refreshment Booth on Grounds.

Entries to be in hands of Secretary by 8 o'clock p.m., Tuesday, July 4. See posters for particulars.

J. W. ROBINSON, President

V. E. FRENCH, Secretary

THE RAINFALL	
March and April	1.40
May	1.10
Total	2.50

June 6	.09
June 7	.01
June 17	.23
June total to date	.33

CARD OF THANKS

We desire to express our sincere thanks for the sympathy and kindness extended to us in our recent bereavement and for the floral tributes sent.

The Trewin Family.

Tonsil Clinic, July 6, 1933, in Cereel Hospital. Fifteen dollars cash. Parents are asked to notify Dr. D. L. Dick, Oyen, of cases for the removal of Tonsils or Adenoids.

Complimenting Miss Lillie May McMurray whose marriage to Mr. Frank Morrell takes place shortly, the Junior U.F.A. of Nehalta district entertained at a delightfully arranged miscellaneous shower at the home of Mrs. W. J. Byler on Friday afternoon. The guest of honor was the recipient of numerous beautiful gifts from her many friends and the Happy Centre Local presented her with a handsome curving set.

During the afternoon fifty guests called and a tasty lunch was served by Mrs. Byler assisted by the Juniors.

Rain and hail fell locally on Saturday evening for a total precipitation of 23 inch. More moisture in abundant quantities is urgently needed.

Mrs. J. P. Rorabeck left this morning for Chicago, where she will visit friends and relatives.

Mrs. J. Love, returned to Oyen last Saturday morning after spending a week visiting in Saskatoon.

Mr. William Owen of Barrhead, arrived in Oyen this morning from Calgary, to spend a few days in the district.

The Chinook baseball team defeated the Oyen team at Chinook last Sunday by a score of 10-1.

Professional Cards

Dr. D. L. Dick

Physician and Surgeon

Office on First Avenue East

Phone No. 7

Oyen - Alta.

CHARLES L. DUNFORD

A Commissioner for Oaths

At the News office.

Church Notices

SUNDAY, JUNE 25

OYEN UNITED CHURCH

HUDSON HEIGHTS 11:00 a.m.

GLENADA 3:00 p.m.

OYEN 7:30 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL 11:00 a.m.

Rev. E. F. KEMP

All Are Cordially Invited

ALL SAINTS CHURCH

Evensong 3:00 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL 11:00 a.m.

Mr. G. S. PECK

Read the Ads.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Weanling Pigs (Pure bred Yorks) at \$4.00 a pair. Apply: David A. Peck, Oyen. Phone 310.

FOR SALE—A number of Milk Cows with or without calves at foot. Reasonably priced. Apply: John A. McArthur, Oyen, Alta. Phone 314. (149)

MAGAZINES—Subscriptions to The Saturday Evening Post—The Ladies Home Journal—The Country Gentleman—Maclean's—The Chateleine and other publications taken at the News Office.

The Nehalta girls defeated the Oyen girls last Sunday.